The population of Earth has risen to 7.5 billion people, and the way that we live has evolved in conjunction with this rapid increase in numbers. We can no longer solely rely on our physical resources. Technology is the answer to meeting the needs of a growing human population, but not all technologies are equal. Certain technologies can be harmful while others provide benefits for society as a whole. The choices we make today will have lasting impacts on generations to come and will impact our planet's ability to support life itself. There are many such technologies that should be considered for adoption or avoidance, such as nuclear power plants and genetically modified organisms (GMOs). When considering these technologies, we need to determine whether there is a benefit for society in adopting them. With nuclear power plants, the benefits are energy production and lower emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs) than traditional methods of energy production. As our world's population has grown, so has the demand for energy. Finding safe and cost-effective ways to produce this energy is important for the future. Nuclear power plants provide low-cost sources of energy that do not release GHGs into the atmosphere. One common argument against using nuclear power plants is that they are dangerous because they can lead to radioactive leaks or cause catastrophic accidents like the one at Chernobyl. However, nuclear power plants are built to withstand these types of events, and their safety is well protected from accidents. In addition, there have been several nuclear power plant disasters that have not caused mass casualties. The nuclear industry records a loss of life in less than one percent of all accidents. In fact, the 1986 Chernobyl disaster still has no long-term consequences on the residents around the plant or nearby areas. The safety record of nuclear power plants is also important because if a catastrophic accident were to happen, it would likely be limited to a small area although it would cause environmental damage beyond this area. In a malicious nuclear attack, the damage would be even more localized. However, it would still have a large impact on an area and possibly cause radiation sickness to anyone exposed to the radioactive material. While nuclear power plants might provide benefits for society as a whole, they can also pose risks that affect individual people. In many cases, the government provides additional resources to disaster victims regardless of their income levels. However, if a disaster from a nuclear power plant were to occur, this would not necessarily be the case for everyone. The government may provide long-term medical care for people who are victims of a nuclear power plant disaster, but this is not guaranteed. With genetic engineering, the benefits are increased crop yields, disease resistance in plants and livestock, and enhanced nutritional value in food crops. For example, genetically engineered crops can tolerate herbicides so conventional pesticides can be used to eliminate weeds while leaving the crop unharmed. They also carry nutritional supplements that improve their health qualities. Genetic engineering could help solve world hunger by making food more plentiful and nutritious. This would lead to lower prices at the grocery store because it would be made by fewer farmers than traditional agriculture methods.

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